

**I/IV B. Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER - 2016****Second Semester****BT / CSE / ECE / EEE****MATHEMATICS - II**Time : **Three Hours**Maximum Marks : **60****Answer Question No. 1 Compulsory.****12x1=12 M****Answer ONE question from each Unit.****4x12=48 M**

1. a) Define exact differential equation.
- b) State Newton's Law of Cooling.
- c) Find I.F. for  $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} = x^2$ .
- d) Write down C.F. when the roots are 2, 3 for  $f(0)$ .  $y = Q$ .
- e) Solve  $(D^2-1)y = 0$ .
- f) Find P.I. when  $y = \frac{e^{2x}}{(D-2)^2}$ .
- g) Write down necessary and sufficient condition for Laplace transform.
- h) Define Unit step function.
- i) Write down Laplace transform of periodic function.
- j) Define gradient of scalar point function.
- k) Find Curl  $\vec{r}$ , where  $\vec{r} = xi+yj+zk$ .
- l) Define irrotational vector.

**UNIT - I**

2. a) Solve  $(y^2-2xy)dx = (x^2-2xy)dy$ .
- b) P.T. the system of parabolas  $y^2 = 4a(x+a)$  is self - orthogonal.

(OR)

3. a) Solve  $x\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^3 y^6$ .
- b) If the air is maintained at  $15^\circ\text{C}$  and the temperature of the body drops from  $70^\circ$  to  $40^\circ\text{C}$  in 10 min. What will be its temperature after 30 min.

**P.T.O.**

**UNIT - II**

4. a) Solve  $y'' - 4y' + 3y = 4e^{3x}$ ,  $y(0) = -1$ ,  $y'(0) = 3$ .  
 b) Solve  $(D^2 + 4)y = \tan 2x$  using variation of parameters.

(OR)

5. a) Solve  $(D^2 + 3D + 2)y = e^{-x} + x^2 + \cos x$ .  
 b) Solve  $(D^2 + 4D + 4)y = e^{-2x}$ .

**UNIT - III**

6. a) Define unit step function and unit impulse function and find their Laplace transforms.  
 b) Evaluate  $L^{-1} \left( \frac{s^2}{(s^2 + a^2)(s^2 + b^2)} \right)$  using Convolution theorem.

(OR)

7. a) Find  $L(e^{3t} + \sin 2t + \cos 3t + \sinh 3t + \cosh 2t + t^3)$ .  
 b) Solve  $(D^2 + 4D + 3)y = e^{-t}$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 1$  using Laplace transform.

**UNIT - IV**

8. a) Find the values of 'a' and 'b' so that the surfaces  $ax^2 - byz = (a+2)x$  and  $4x^2y + z^3 = 4$  may intersect orthogonally at  $(1, -1, 2)$ .  
 b) Verify Stokes theorem for  $\vec{f} = x^2\vec{i} + xy\vec{j}$  integrated round the square in the plane  $z = 0$  whose sides are along the lines  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $x = a$ ,  $y = a$ .

(OR)

9. a) P.T.  $\nabla^2 (\log r) = \frac{1}{r}$ , where  $\vec{r} = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$ ,  $r = |\vec{r}|$ .  
 b) Find the work done by  $f = (2x - y - z)\vec{i} + (x + y - z)\vec{j} + (3x - 2y - 5z)\vec{k}$  along a curve 'C' in the XY-plane given by  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ ,  $z = 0$ .



**I/IV B. Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL / MAY - 2016**  
**SECOND SEMESTER**  
**BT / CSE / ECE / EEE**  
**MATHEMATICS - II**

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Time : **Three Hours**Maximum Marks : **60****Answer Question No. 1 Compulsory.****12x1=12 M****Answer ONE question from each Unit.****4x12=48 M**

1. a) Define Orthogonal Trajectory.
- b) Solve  $ydx - xdy = 0$ .
- c) State Law of Natural growth (or) decay.
- d) Write a formula of variation of parameters.
- e) Write down C.F. for  $f(0) y = \phi$  when the roots are 2, 3, 4.
- f) Solve  $(D^2-1) y = 0$ .
- g) What is the Laplace transform of  $t$  ?
- h) State convolution theorem for Laplace transform.
- i) Define unit step function.
- j) Define solenoidal vector point function.
- k) Find  $\text{div } \bar{f}$  where  $\bar{f} = xyi + yzj + z\bar{x}k$ .
- l) State Green's theorem.

**UNIT - I**

2. a) Solve  $y(2xy + e^x) dx - e^x dy = 0$ .
- b) In a chemical reaction a given substance is being converted into another at a rate proportional to the amount has been unconverted. If  $\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{\text{th}}$  of the original amount has been transformed in 4 min, how much time will be required to transform one half.

(OR)

3. a) Show that the system of rectangular hyperbolas  $x^2 - y^2 = c^2$ ,  $xy = c^2$  are mutually orthogonal.
- b) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cos x = y^3 \sin 2x$ .

**P.T.O.**

**UNIT - II**

4. a) Solve  $(D^2+1)y = \cos(2x-1)$ .  
 b) Solve  $(D^2+3D+2)y = e^{-x} + x^2 + \cos x$ .

(OR)

5. a) Solve  $(D^2+4)y = \tan 2x$ . Using variation of parameters.  
 b) Solve  $(D^2+4D+4)y = e^{-2x}$ .

**UNIT - III**

6. a) Find the Laplace transform of  $t.e^{-t}.\sin t$ .  
 b) Solve  $(D^2+1)y = 6 \cos 2t$ ,  $y(0) = 3$ ,  $y'(0) = 1$  using Laplace transform.

(OR)

7. a) Find  $L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right)$ .

b) Find  $L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right)$  using convolution theorem.

**UNIT - IV**

8. a) Find  $\operatorname{div} \bar{f}$  where  $\bar{f} = \operatorname{grad}(x^3+y^3+z^3-3xyz)$   
 b) Evaluate  $\iint_S \bar{f} \cdot \bar{ds}$  where  $\bar{f} = yz\mathbf{i} + 2y^2\mathbf{j} + xz^2\mathbf{k}$  and 'S' is the surface of the cylinder  $x^2+y^2=9$  contained in the first octant between the planes  $z=0$  and  $z=2$ .

(OR)

9. a) P.T.  $\nabla \cdot \frac{\bar{r}}{r^3} = 0$  where  $\bar{r} = x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}$ ,  $r = |\bar{r}|$ .

b) Verify Green's theorem for  $\int_C (xy + y^2) dx + x^2 dy$  where 'C' is bounded by  $y = x$  and  $y = x^2$ .

